

Submission by Jordan (4 March 2014), see email

1. In your view, what should be the scope of future editions of the Global Sustainable Development Report, in terms of issue focus, geographic coverage, time horizon, and scientific knowledge?

This report should concentrate on Sustainable Development Goals, targets and indicators that will be decided by General Assembly at the end of this year. It should also provide an analysis that covers the five United Nations Regional groups. The time horizon of analysis should take a base year (saying 1990) or the time horizon of the Sustainable Development Goals.

2. What are the key national, regional and global priority issues that you would like to see reflected in the global report?

This report should be including the following key national, regional and global issues: Poverty reduction, food security and agriculture, energy, water and sanitation, education, employment and decent work, climate change, health and population, sustainable tourism, disaster risk reduction, biodiversity, land use and housing, waste management, desertification, gender equality and women's empowerment, mining, means of implementation, financing for sustainable development, ODA, international Debt management, International trade, economic growth, green economy, consumption and production patterns, transport, technology transfer.

3. Should the report have a role in identifying new and emerging issues? If so, how to identify these issues?

The report should have a role in identifying new and emerging issues that would be affecting sustainable development depending on the latest studies conducted by UN agencies, Academia, International institutions (WB, IMF). It is very important to do so, because sustainable development goals will be representing the integration between the three dimension of sustainable development economic dimension, social dimension and environmental dimension. Any unexpected changes in factors affecting these three dimensions will have positive or negative impact on international, regional and nation efforts towards achieving sustainable development goals. Economic and financial crises are an example for these unexpected changes. Natural disasters are another example for this. Social and political instability is third example.

4. Should it report on past and future trends, report on policy lessons-learnt, and/or report on scientific findings indicating potential areas for policy action?

yes

5. Should the report be part of the monitoring and accountability framework for sustainable development goals and the post-2015 development agenda?

yes

6. What should be the periodicity of the report? (e.g., yearly, every x years)

yearly

Methodology

7. How should the preparation of the global report be organized? How should the thematic focus of a given edition be decided? What would a preparation process look like? Who should be involved and how?

UN agencies should play key role in coordinating the whole process of the preparation of the global report. National focal points can be part of this process. The United Nations can support the national efforts in the preparation process through the provision of technical

support for developing countries to hold consultations process. UN can play an important role on regional level through the five United Nations regional offices. These offices can coordinate consultative meetings to prepare a regional report on sustainable development in line with the global report. In order to determine the topics that will be included in each issue, the United Nations should publish survey includes a number of issues of priority and sent to the countries to decide the most important and which are less important

8. Which principles and scientific methods should be employed in preparation of future editions of the global report?

Regarding principles should be taken into confederation with this purpose, we propose the following • Inclusive framework should be used • Accessibility to all information for all • Adequate funding for developing countries should be provided to insure highest commitment by these countries. Regarding scientific methods, I think this can be determined by academic institutions and research centers, and up on deferent thematic areas identified by countries for each edition of this report.

9. What would be the best way to organize national and regional contributions to the global report? Would a network of national and regional focal points and regular consultations with them be useful?

Yes, I think network of national and regional focal points and regular and irregular consultation with them can be useful for this purpose.

10. What concrete steps do you propose to involve scientists from your country and region in the global report? Which institutions, communities or networks should be mobilized? Should a scientific advisory group be constituted?

National focal point can coordinate this process. Each country should establish national scientific advisory committee that can be involving in national and global reports. United Nations should provide technical assistance for these national committees to be in line with the global thematic arias of the global report.

11. Should all countries institute a national sustainable development report process? If so, how?

Yes. National focal points can play key role in this process. UN should provide technical assistance for national focal points to insure that national process and national reports will be in line with the global process and agreed global thematic area. National specific conditions should take a part in national repots in order to use these reports for policy making process on national levels too.

12. How should the report inform the work of the High-Level Political Forum? In agenda setting? In providing scientific analysis of issues on the HLPF agenda? In follow-up analysis of implementation of decisions taken?

Executive summary report should be prepared by the United Nations division on sustainable development. This report should highlight the main achievements, challenges, commitments and solutions have been adopted for achieving sustainable development goals.

13. Contact information (Name and email)

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